

Table S1. Meteorological data of summer periods of 2009, 2010 and 2011

Year	Month	Temperature (°C)			Average relative air humidity (%)	Precipitation (mm)	Solar irradiation (MJ/m ²)	Wind speed (m/s)
		Minimum	Maximum	Average				
2009	June	3.7	29.6	15.5	79.9	96.8	456.9	1.1
	July	10.3	31.5	19.2	75.4	92.6	504.1	1.1
	August	7.4	31.4	19.4	68.1	13.8	486.2	0.8
	September	2.3	27.7	15.5	75.5	27.6	325.6	0.7
2010	June	6.0	32.3	17.5	69.3	18.2	545.6	1.0
	July	9.1	35.7	21.9	65.3	74.6	544.5	1.0
	August	10.0	30.0	18.8	79.4	94.2	400.5	1.0
	September	4.0	23.0	12.9	82.3	72.0	298.8	1.1
2011	June	8.2	30.7	18.7	65.4	55.0	526.4	1.2
	July	11.0	30.5	16.7	80.4	146.4	408.1	1.2
	August	8.4	29.7	18.8	75.2	30.0	438.9	0.7
	September	4.0	29.2	15.1	78.1	17.4	310.8	0.7
2 weeks after the last spraying in the year								
2009		10.8	21.4	15.8	75.3	0.1	11.2	0.7
2010		8.2	16.1	12.5	78.7	1.9	9.1	1.3
2011		13.5	25.3	19.5	73.9	0.8	14.5	0.7

Supplementary table to the article “Effect of the spray volume adjustment model on the efficiency of fungicides and residues in processing tomato”, by Henryk Ratajkiewicz, Roman Kierzek, Michał Raczkowski, Agnieszka Hołodyńska-Kulas, Agnieszka Łacka, Andrzej Wójtowicz, and Marek Wachowiak. Spanish Journal of Agricultural Research Vol. 14 No. 3, September 2016 (<http://dx.doi.org/10.5424/sjar/2016143-9339>)